Explaining the New Children's Law Reform Act

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Webinar prepared for CLEO



Disclaimer

This webinar is for general information purposes only and is not legal advice. It is not intended to be used as legal advice for a specific legal problem. This webinar was recorded on November 24, 2020, and reflects developments in the law before that date.









About our presenter...

Pamela Cross is a feminist lawyer; a well-known and respected expert on violence against women and the law for her work as a researcher, writer, educator and trainer. She is the Legal Director of Luke's Place Support and Resource Centre in Durham Region, where she leads the organization's provincial projects, including research, training and advocacy.









We acknowledge that the land from which we are presenting this webinar is the traditional territory of the Mississaugas of Scugog First Nation.



Luke's Place

- Durham Region: services for women who have left abuse & are engaged with family law
- Provincial & national level: research, resources, training & systemic advocacy







LukesPlace.ca



LukesPlaceTraining.ca



FamilyCourtAndBeyond.ca



Disclaimer

This webinar is not to be interpreted as legal advice.

Only a lawyer can provide legal advice.



We recognize

- Men can be victims
- Abuse happens in same-sex relationships
- Trans or nonbinary folks may face abuse in relationships

Abuse rooted in misogyny & traditional male power

Women are subjected to most serious forms of coercive controlling & physical violence

We use gendered nouns & pronouns when talking about violence within families



Agenda

- Overview of the Children's Law Reform Act (CLRA)
- Examine the current revisions relating to children
- Discuss the relevance of family violence
- Discuss why either the CLRA or the Divorce
 Act would be preferable in different
 situations



What is the Children's Law Reform Act?



Ontario's family laws

Children's Law Reform Act

- Issues relating to children:
 - post-separation parenting arrangements
 - child support

Family Law Act

- spousal support
- property division
- exclusive possession of the matrimonial home
- restraining orders



Children's Law Reform Act (CLRA)

Applies to

- Anyone whose habitual residence is in Ontario
 - the place the family lived before the parents separated

<u>and</u>

- Any family regardless of parents' relationship (married, common law, etc.)
 - Divorce Act only applies to married people



Bill 207

Courts of Justice Act & Family Law Act

- Housekeeping changes
- Not covered in this webinar

CLRA changes

- Address many concerns raised by women's advocates, but not perfect
- Potential to improve outcomes for families, especially when there is abuse



The language



Custody

Decisionmaking responsibility

Often also primary responsibility for the care of children

Access

Time children spend with other parent

Formal or informal; supervised or unsupervised

Sole custody

One parent makes decisions without consulting with other

Joint custody

Parents must consult one another about major decisions



The new Children's Law Reform Act

Emphasizes a focus on children

- Eliminates terms custody & access
- Uses
 - Parenting order
 - Contact order
 - Decision-making responsibility
 - Parenting time



Contact order

Time child spends with someone other than their parents, e.g. grandparents

Can set out how time is spent: physically, telephone, Skype, etc.

To decide: best interests of the child test



Decision-making responsibility

Who can make decisions about the children

One parent or shared

Whichever parent child is with has authority to make decisions at that time

Challenges for women who have left abusive relationship



Parenting order

Replaces
"custody
order",
"access
order",
"custody &
access order"

Assigns
parenting
time &
decisionmaking
responsibility

Parenting time

Time child spends in care of each parent

Includes time they are not physically with parent

No distinction between custodial & access time



Parenting order example

- Mother shall have primary parenting time / child shall be primarily resident with mother
- Father shall have parenting time every other weekend, every Wednesday



Family violence definition



Family violence definition

"any conduct by a family member towards another family member, that is violent or threatening, that constitutes a pattern of coercive and controlling behaviour or that causes that other family member to fear for their own safety or for that of another person — and in the case of a child, the direct or indirect exposure to such conduct, whether or not that conduct constitutes a criminal offence"



Includes

Physical abuse

- Including forced confinement
- Excluding self defence

Sexual abuse

Threats to kill or cause bodily harm to any person

Harassment, including stalking

The failure to provide the necessaries of life

Psychological abuse

Financial abuse

Threats to kill or harm an animal or damage property, and

The killing or harming of an animal or the damaging of property



Addresses these issues

Family violence can be dismissed by family court when there are no criminal charges

"Pattern of coercive & controlling behaviour", fear: acknowledges insidious kinds of abuse

Underacknowledged
behaviours:
sexual /
psychological /
financial abuse;
abuse of animals



Family violence factors to be considered



What is the nature, seriousness & frequency of abuse & when does it occur?

> Assess whether likely to continue

Is there a pattern of coercive & controlling behaviour?

> Will also indicate abuse is likely to continue

Is it directed toward a child or is child directly / indirectly exposed to it?



What is the physical, emotional & psychological harm or risk of harm to the child?

> Violence is not restricted to physical acts

Is there a compromise to the safety of child or others?

> Assess risk of future violence

Does the violence cause the child or others to fear for safety?



Is the person who engaged in violence taking steps to prevent further violence & improve parenting?

> Inadequate programs, no assessment system

Any other relevant factors?



Best interests of the child test



The court shall give primary consideration to the child's safety, security and well-being

Physical

Emotional

Psychological



CLRA best interests test

11 criteria

Weight is **not** assigned to each

Discretion rests with the court

Allows court to weigh factors



Child's needs, including stability Child's relationship with each parent & other family, people Each parent's willingness to support child's relationship with other parent History of care Child's views & preferences Child's upbringing and heritage Plans for the child's care

Ability & willingness of each parent to care for & meet child's needs

Ability & willingness of each parent to communicate & cooperate on matters affecting child

Family violence & its impact on abuser to care for child & appropriateness of making an order requiring cooperation between the parties

Civil or criminal proceedings, orders, conditions or measures relevant to safety, security & well-being of child



Challenging provisions when there is family violence

Ability & willingness

 To counter abuser's claim, introduce evidence of his lack of past parenting as well as history of abuse

Communication When there is coercive control that continues, provide evidence & explicitly identify fears



Maximum parenting time provision

Encourages
arrangements for
children that
ensure they spend
as much time as
possible with each
parent

New CLRA

"a child shall have as much time with each parent as is consistent with the best interests of the child"



CLRA & the **Divorce** Act



CLRA & Divorce Act alignment means...

Less confusion in Ontario about the rules

People have access to same legal response regardless of marital status



People not married & Ontario CLRA is their habitual residence Don't want/can't afford **CLRA** a divorce Want to sort out parenting CLRA issues quickly Married people Family Need a restraining order Law Act Divorce Want a divorce Act

Summary

- Children's Law Reform Act & how it compares to federal Divorce Act
- Recent revisions to the CLRA
- The role of family violence in determining parenting arrangements
- The revised best interests of the child test
- Why someone might pick the CLRA or the Divorce Act



Thank you!

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